

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend the Claim of Priority on page 1 as follows:

-- This application is a continuation in part of U.S. Serial No. 10/628, 097 filed July 28, 2002, now abandoned, and U.S. Serial No. 10/761,132, filed January 20, 2004 U.S. Serial No. 10/750,447, filed December 30, 2003, now U.S. Patent 7,226,230.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 13, line 3, as follows:

-- FIGURES 5 and 6 show a nozzle 32, tapering toward a narrowed exit 33 with a spreader flap or blade 34 overhanging that exit. FIGURE 6 shows a cap 190 that receives the nozzle with snap-ring retention at 188 in a cap recess 188a of nozzle end 32a. Cap inner wall 189 forms a recess to receive the nozzle. A plug 192 on the cap plugs outlet 33. Fig. 7 shows the exit 33 as laterally, elongated with narrowed width or height. The nozzle entrance is seen at 3487, in FIGURE 8. FIGURE 9 shows dispenser threads 36 to which the nozzle may threadably or otherwise attach. FIGURE 10 shows in frontal view the annular end of the thread 36. See end opening 10a. --

Please amend the three paragraphs beginning on page 14, line 21, as follows:

-- In FIGURE 19, the spreader 110 as supported is angled, relative to the nozzle or its bore, so that the spreader flap terminal ~~110a~~110b is sufficiently offset from the nozzle outlet 112a by a sufficient distance, that the terminal tip ~~110a~~110b does not engage the top 113a of the deposited layer 113, as during depositing of the layer. Terminal ~~110a~~110b may consist of an elastomer such as rubber. Outlet 112a may be laterally elongated as in FIGURE 7.

In FIGURE 19a the nozzle is now further tilted, as at angle α , so that the spreader blade terminal tip ~~110a~~110b engages the surface of the layer 113, for spreading purposes. Terminal ~~110a~~110b is shown as arcuately flexed near the tip, to smoothly engage and spreadably deform surface 113a, as the nozzle is moved to the right, relative to 113. Note that the spreader body at 110c upwardly of terminal ~~110a~~110b is thickened so as not to flex, and so as to positively

position the terminal ~~110a~~110b as it accurately wipes along surface 113a. Terminal ~~110a~~110b may or may not be flexible, but is preferably arcuately flexible to smooth and spread surface 113a, as the nozzle and supply container are manipulated.

Body 110c tapers toward the tip or terminal. This construction, as shown, lends itself to ease of cleaning of interior surfaces 128, 129, and 130, as well as cleaning of the terminal. Note the greater than 90° angularities of adjacent surfaces 128 and 129, and 129 and 130, avoiding small gaps. The spreader terminal at ~~110a~~110b may have elongated lateral length, of dimension substantially greater than the nozzle discharge opening dimension, as described above in other FIGURES, for engaging the widened surface area of 113, achieved during spreading. --